

July 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

FORT MEIGS

A second attack by the
British to capture the fort
in July 1813 was
also unsuccessful.

May, 1813

1912 Dates_ J-BK

FORT MEIGS

The British under PROCTOR attempted to capture Ft. Meigs on the MAUMEE R. in Ohio, built and defended by HARRISON and his American forces. General ~~CLAY~~ arrived with reinforcements.

And the British retreated.

Dec. 23, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

ECONOCHACA (WHOLY GROUND)

During the war with the
CREEKS, an American regiment
led by General Claiborne made
an attack on the Indians at
ECONOCHACA in Alabama.

After a feeble resistance the Indians
fled with a loss of 30 killed, and
Claiborne plundered and burned
the town.

Aug. 30, 1813

1912 Dates J-EK

FORT MIMS MASSACRE

When the Creek Indians began to wage war against the Americans, Fort Mims near Montgomery, Ala. became a place of safety for the frightened inhabitants. On Aug. 30, 1813, a large body of Indians attacked the fort and although its defenders fought desperately, they were completely overpowered. Of the 550 persons there, 400 were massacred.

the Negroes were made slaves. And
about 12 escaped with a group

Dec 17, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

U.S. issued an embargo to prevent English vessels from procuring provisions

Terminated Apr 14, 1814.

The laying of an Embargo is now regarded as a great political and economic mistake.

Nov 3, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

TALLASAHATCHE, Ala.

After the disaster at Fort MIMS,
volunteers rapidly enlisted to help
the whites. On Nov 3, an expedition
of 1,000, led by General Coffee, attacked
the Indians at Tallasahatche, in
~~Calhoun~~ CALHOUN Co., Ala. and after a
desperate struggle the Indians were
completely destroyed, the Americans
losing 5 killed and 41 wounded.

Sep 6, 1813

Battle of Dennewitz

Prussian under Friedrich Wilhelm
von Bülow (Feb 16, 1755 - Feb 25, 1816)
(Bülow von Dennewitz) won
important victory over French
under Michel Ney (Jan. 10, 1769 -
Dec 7, 1815) at Dennewitz
near Berlin

1813-1814

Creek War

Conflict between Creek Indians
and white settlers in Georgia,
Alabama, and Florida.

Aug 30, 1813 More than 500 whites
were massacred at Fort Mims

Mar 27, 1814 Creeks were defeated
at Horseshoe Bend.

May 20, 21, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

Battle of BAUTZEN

A Town in Saxony was fought between French under NAPOLEON I and the Allied Prussian & Russian forces under BLUCHER and WITTGENSTEIN. By very careful and well-planned movements, NAPOLEON forced the allies to retreat and captured BAUTZEN.

1912 Dates J-BK

June 1, 1813

(1776-1841) SIR PHILIP BOWES VERE BROKE

An English Admiral

Commander of the SHANNON in
the Famous battle with the
Chesapeake (June 1, 1813)

in which he was permanently
disabled.

June 24, 1913

1912 Dates J-BK

Battle of BEAVER DAM CREEK

An Armada organized led by
BOERSTLER was sent to capture
Beaver Dam, the present town of HOMER,
Canada, near the western shore of
Lake Ontario. The Armadians were met
at Beaver Dam CREEK by Lieutenant
FITZGIBBON who ordered his opponent
to surrender. BOERSTLER, believing
there was a large army accompanying

The British, numbered 542 prisoners.

1813

1912 Dates J-BK

English retook the Isle of
Capri. They restored the island
to King Ferdinand IV of
Sicily

June 1, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

THE CHESAPEAKE

38 gun Frigate increased to 50 guns
on June 1, 1813 under command of Captain
LAWRENCE of 50 guns, she was taken
by the English frigate SHANNON of
52 guns under Captain BROKE in
Massachusetts Bay after a 15-min
engagement in which LAWRENCE was
mortally wounded. The Chesapeake
was taken to Halifax, N.S. and used

as a ~~birth~~ record with confirmed
in 1820.

Nov. 11, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK
CHRYSLER'S FIELD

In the summer of 1813 it was resolved
send another expedition into
Canada against Montreal. The
American Army was led by General
BOYD and as they proceeded they were
constantly harassed by the British.
At Chrysler's Field, near the St. Lawrence
River the two armies met in open
combat but owing to the fact that
the American ammunition had

grow out they are obliged to resort to their huts and leave the fields in possession of the Field.

July 11, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

BLACK ROCK

Black Rock, now a part of Buffalo, N.Y., was captured by the British on July 11, 1813. The American militia fled when the British captured it. They met reinforcements and returned to Black Rock to punish the invaders. After a brief conflict, the British were obliged to retreat with the loss of Lieutenant BISHOPE.

Aug 18, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

Battle of ANTONIO (Mexico)
The Royalists defeated the Independents
in Mexico.

1813

1912 Dates J-BK

WILLIAM BAIN BRIDGE (1774-1833)

American naval officer. Captured in 1800; conveyed tribute to the BEY of ALGIERES

1801-1805. He commanded the Philadelphia in the Tripoli War. He ran aground with 300 men and was imprisoned until close of war.

1813 - Commander of the CONSTITUTION, HORNET, and ESSEX - Captured

the British freight JARA.
He was attached to the navy yards for
several years
1824-1827 He was chief of the board
of naval commissions.

May 21, 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

WURSCHEN

The Russians and Prussians allied their forces and waged what is known as the war of liberation against Napoleon. The allies were forced to retreat to Wurschen, near Bautzen in Saxony, where they were defeated, Napoleon being victorious but losing heavily in the conflict.

1813

1912 Dates J-BK

(1791-1824) EUGENE DE BEAUHARNAIS

A French general. Son of Viscount de Beauharnais. Gained high military honors and in his campaign in Egypt (1806), became general of a brigade. 1805 - rec'd title of Prince and appointed viceroy of Italy. Declared later by Napoleon I as his adopted son and heir to the Kingdom of Italy. He shared in the honors of WAGRAM and during war with Austria, and in the retreat from

moreover, his first chosen success for
the French army ~~not~~ ^{arrived} from complete
1813-14's conduct as the victory of

LUTZEN (1813) was highly commended.
After the disastrous Napoleon, he
returned to France.

1912 Dates J-BK

Nov. 29 1813

AUTTOSE TOWNS

With 950 of the Georgia State Militia, Brig. Gen. John Floyd determined to avenge the massacre at Fort Mims and early in Nov 29, 1813 attacked two Auttose villages in Georgia. After a desperate struggle, the Indians were defeated and fully 300 slain, and their dwellings burned.

Dec 1813

1912 Dates J-BK

BLACK ROCK

In Dec., Black Rock was sacked
and burned by the British, the
inhabitants who could not
escape were massacred.

Only 1 building was left standing.

1813

1912 Dates. J-BK

United NETHERLANDS

1813

Ancient glass from Rouen
(Churches sold under French
Revolution) was imported
and reused in Wells Cathedral,
England.

1813

1912 Dates J-BK

Germany

Napoleon was defeated
at Leipzig

1813

1912 Dates J-BK

America

James Madison - Pres

Elbridge Gerry - Vice Pres.

1813

1912 Dates J-BK

Germany

Austria declared
war on France

Spring
1813

supported by a massive flanking Army to the north, WELLINGTON drove the French armies back to VITORIA, where his forces united to win a climactic battle and captured the enemy baggage train. Once the last French strongholds in Spain were subdued, He invaded France and chased the remnants of the French army to TOULOUSE, where he won the last battle of the Peninsular War.

A superb strategist; a master of tactics; and

Art production, Willington employed many of the same revolutionary "principles of war" that Napoleon

employed.
To distinguish the Shonon Peninsula, recorded by the natives of the Pitagorod Spanish people, originally lost the French was 300,000 men and capped the strength of Napoleon's empire

1813-1833

Ferdinand VII (a Bourbon)
was restored to rule Spain
1813-1833

1813-1814

The campaign of 1813-1814 highlights the increasing difficulty of combining the roles of chief of state and commanding general in one man. Napoleon's frenetic energy could not compensate for the limits of communication systems, or for the increasing complexity of both war and administration.

Wither could it prevent his income
from surprising